

## The Birds of Malta

Listed below are several bird species that are recorded in the Maltese islands. Many of these have also been recorded in Majjistral Nature & History Park from 2014-2020.

The status column refers to the bird's occurrence in the Maltese islands. The last column gives brief information and records for Majjistral Park that has been registered by the Park's staff.

## If you need to submit a bird record, or need some more information about birds in Majjistral Park please write to us on alex@majjistral.org



= breeds regularly at Majjistral Park

= has been recorded at Majjistral Park 2014-2020

|   | English name                  | Scientific name           | Maltese name        | Remarks/status for Maltese islands  | Notes for Majjistral Park<br>2014-2020   |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---|--|
| 1 | Little Grebe                  | Tachybaptus<br>ruficollis | Blonġun Żgħir       | Smallest of the grebes seen in our islands.<br>Grebes are birds that can be seen in wetlands or<br>at the coast. They feed by diving to catch fish.<br>Scarce but regular from late August to May; a<br>few pairs nest at is-Simar reserve.                                     |  |
| 2 | Great Crested<br>Grebe        | Podiceps cristatus        | Blonġun Prim        | Scarce mainly October to March.   |  |
| 3 | Black-necked<br>Grebe         | Podiceps<br>nigricollis   | Blonġun<br>Sekond   | Generally the grebe that is recorded in greater<br>numbers than other grebes. Arrives late August,<br>and some stay up till March or early April, when<br>breeding plumage/partial breeding plumage is<br>attained.   |  |
| 4 | Scopoli's<br>Shearwater       | Calonectris<br>diomedea   | Ċiefa               | Regularly seen offshore, sometimes close to<br>shore March to November, sometimes also in<br>the other months. Breeds in good numbers<br>mainly in western cliffs in the Maltese islands.   | R<br>No records of breeding<br>pairs in Park. Observed<br>regularly from the Park's<br>coast, e.g. Majjiesa<br>point, sometimes close<br>to shore. |
| 5 | Yelkouan<br>Shearwater        | Puffinus yelkouan         | Garnija             | Breeds in cliffs in good numbers in Malta, Gozo<br>and Comino. The largest concentrations occur<br>along the western coast.   | R.<br>A good population is<br>found at Majjistral<br>coastal area  |
| 6 | Mediterranean<br>Storm Petrel | Hydrobates<br>melitensis  | Kanġu ta'<br>Filfla | Spends life out at sea, and comes to land only at<br>the breeding season. Their main breeding site is<br>Filfla. Other few pairs nest in coastal sites in<br>Malta and Gozo.  | No nesting records for<br>Majjistral.  |
| 7 | Northern<br>Gannet            | Sula bassana              | Sula                | Regular from September to April, both adults<br>and immatures recorded. Gannets hunt fish by<br>diving into the sea from a height, and then<br>pursue their prey under the water. Can be seen<br>offshore, sometimes relatively close to the coast,<br>especially on windy days |  |

|    | English name         | Scientific name          | Maltese name           | Remarks/status for Maltese islands  | Notes for Majjistral Park<br>2014-2020  |
|----|----------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|---|---|
| 8  | Great<br>Cormorant   | Phalacrocorax<br>carbo   | Margun                 | Regularly seen in coastal areas from around<br>September to March, often in singles or small<br>flocks.   | R<br>Seen flying over or in the<br>sea diving for fish  |
| 9  | Great Bittern        | Botaurus stellaris       | Kappun                 | Very scarce March to May and September to<br>November. Likes to skulk in reedbeds and other<br>wetland vegetation and is difficult to spot.   |   |
| 10 | Little Bittern       | Ixobrychus<br>minutus    | Russett tas-<br>Sigar  | Fairly common in spring March to May, with less<br>numbers recorded in autumn (August to<br>October). A few pairs have been recorded<br>nesting in these last 20 years. First nesting<br>record was at Is-Simar reserve in 1997.  |   |
| 11 | Night Heron          | Nycticorax<br>nycticorax | Kwakka                 | Frequent to common migrant, from around<br>March to May and August to September, often in<br>small flocks. Roost in trees in the day and<br>migrate at dusk. Vocal.   | R<br>Has been recorded flying<br>over or roosting in the<br>coastal areas.<br>Recorded 15 birds on<br>04/09/2020 in the Park.   |
| 12 | Squacco Heron        | Ardeola ralloides        | Agrett Isfar           | Scarce spring and autumn migrant (April-May<br>and August-October), with less numbers<br>recorded in autumn. Observed in singles or small<br>flocks in coastal areas and at wetlands.   | R   |
| 13 | Cattle Egret         | Bubulcus ibis            | Agrett tal-<br>Bhejjem | Generally rare, but sightings have increased in<br>these past years, both of singles and of flocks. A<br>small population now nests in Malta at<br>Burmarrad, from escaped birds. Can be observed<br>all year round.  | R<br>A flock of 36 Cattle<br>Egrets alighted near the<br>Park in a flooded field at<br>Pwales valley, on the 5 <sup>th</sup><br>October 2017. On that<br>same day a single bird<br>was seen flying at the<br>Majjiesa coast and<br>settled on a boulder   |
| 14 | Little Egret         | Egretta garzetta         | Agrett Abjad           | Frequent to common migrant in spring and<br>autumn March to May and August to October.<br>Some also seen in summer and winter. Observed<br>mainly along the coast or in wetland reserves, in<br>singles, pairs or flocks. A few pairs nest in Malta<br>at Burmarrad, some of the breeding birds are<br>semi-wild. | R<br>Regularly recorded every<br>year, with flocks passing<br>along the coast or<br>sometimes settling on<br>boulders at the coast,<br>especially on easterly<br>winds.   |
| 15 | Great White<br>Egret | Ardea alba               | Russett Abjad          | Rare spring and autumn-winter migrant<br>(February to May, July to December).   | R<br>2 seen together flying<br>over on 6 <sup>th</sup> October 2014   |
| 16 | Grey Heron           | Ardea cinerea            | Russett Griż           | Frequent to common spring and autumn migrant<br>(mostly March and September), often in small<br>flocks. Has been recorded also in winter and<br>summer. Often heard calling while flying over.  | R<br>Regularly recorded every<br>year, flying over or<br>roosting at the coast.<br>Take shelter in the rdum<br>during easterly winds  |
| 17 | Purple Heron         | Ardea purpurea           | Russett<br>Aħmar       | Generally frequent migrant March to May and<br>August to October. Some sighted also in<br>February and November. Seen in singles or<br>small flocks.  | R<br>As Grey Heron.<br>Note: Egrets and herons<br>favour areas with water,<br>and are often seen in<br>coastal areas or flying<br>high in V formations<br>during migration. Mixed<br>flocks of different<br>heron/egret species are<br>also recorded. During<br>strong easterly winds<br>herons and egrets<br>shelter along the Park's<br>coast |

|    | English name              | Scientific name          | Maltese name                  | Remarks/status for Maltese islands   | Notes for Majjistral Park<br>2014-2020  |
|----|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|
| 18 | Black Stork               | Ciconia nigra            | Ċikonja Sewda                 | Rare to very scarce migrant, generally in autumn<br>from September to October. Mainly in singles,<br>but small flocks (highest 12) do occur. One<br>juvenile bird roosted for one night at Ghadira<br>reserve in September 2018, then departed the<br>day after at around 10.15 am.  |   |
| 19 | White Stork               | Ciconia ciconia          | Ċikonja Bajda                 | Rare to scarce migrant in spring and autumn<br>(March-May, August-October). In singles, twos or<br>small flocks. Largest flock ever recorded for<br>Malta was of over 250 birds in May 2011. This<br>flock spend a few days in the Maltese islands.<br>Storks are generally seen soaring or flying<br>overhead and in the evening seek places to<br>roost. White Storks have often roosted in urban<br>areas on roofs, etc. Storks are very vulnerable to<br>shooting. |   |
| 20 | Glossy Ibis               | Plegadis<br>falcinellus  | Velleran                      | Generally scarce to rare March to April and<br>August to October.  | R<br>Few records including<br>birds seen flying at<br>Ramla tal-Mixquqa                         |
| 21 | Eurasian<br>Spoonbill     | Platalea leucordia       | Paletta                       | Generally scarce February to May and<br>September to October.  | R   |
| 22 | Greater<br>Flamingo       | Phoenicopterus<br>roseus | Fjamingu                      | Generally scarce, but sightings have increased.<br>Seen mainly in September, in flocks of adult and<br>young birds. Occasionally 1 or 2 birds settle in<br>wetlands at Ghadira reserve and Salina. In<br>August 2018 a flock of 8 juvenile birds settled at<br>Ghadira reserve.  | R<br>Records include a flock<br>of c. 37 birds seen flying<br>over from Majjiesa 25<br>Sep 2017 |
| 23 | Mute Swan                 | Cygnus olor              | Ċinju                         | Very few sightings mainly between December<br>and January, but not every year. Most recent<br>sighting of a flock of 13 that stayed in Gozo from<br>1 January to the 14 <sup>th</sup> of February 2017.  |   |
| 24 | Greylag Goose             | Anser anser              | Wiżża Griża                   | Almost annually recorded in very few numbers, mainly in winter (October-January).  |   |
| 25 | Red-breasted<br>Merganser | Mergus serrator          | Serra                         | Very scarce October to December, sometimes in spring.  |   |
| 26 | Shelduck                  | Tadorna tadorna          | Kuluvert tas-<br>Salib        | Generally scarce from September to March, sometimes also in the summer.  | R   |
| 27 | Eurasian<br>Wigeon        | Anas Penelope            | Silfjun<br>Ewropew            | Fairly common from October to January and in less numbers February – March.  |   |
| 28 | Gadwall                   | Anas strepera            | Kuluvert Griż                 | Rare, October to January.  |   |
| 29 | Eurasian Teal             | Anas crecca              | Sarsella                      | Generally common mainly from October to December (recorded August to March).   |   |
| 30 | Mallard                   | Anas<br>platyrhynchos    | Kuluvert                      | Very scarce and irregular, October to January.   |   |
| 31 | Pintail                   | Anas acuta               | Silfjun                       | Generally frequent mainly recorded from<br>September to November and February to March.  |   |
| 32 | Garganey                  | Anas querquedula         | Sarsella<br>Hamra             | Fairly common spring migrant, February and<br>March-early April, and late August to October.<br>Mainly seen in flocks. Garganeys and other wild<br>ducks (in Maltese <i>borok</i> ) regularly pass through<br>the Comino channel in their northward spring<br>migration, sometimes in large flocks that can be<br>mixed.   | R   |
| 33 | Shoveler                  | Anas clypeata            | Palettuna                     | Fairly common mainly October-November and in March.  |   |
| 34 | Common<br>Pochard         | Aythya ferina            | Brajmla                       | Scarce in October to December, but recorded also in other months.  |   |
| 35 | Ferruginous<br>Duck       | Aythya nyroca            | Brajmla<br>t'Għajnha<br>Bajda | Scarce, mainly in March and October.   |   |
| 36 | Honey Buzzard             | Pernis apivorus          | Ku <b>ċċ</b> arda             | Frequent to common spring and autumn migrant   | R   |

|    |                         |                    |                            | (March to June, August to October/November),<br>in singles or small flocks. Generally more are<br>seen in autumn. Honey buzzards and other<br>broad-winged birds of prey make use of hot air<br>currents generated on land to lift themselves up<br>without beating their wings (soaring flight).                               | Recorded migrating<br>overhead, in singles,<br>twos or small flocks. On<br>the 23 Sep 2014 a flock<br>of over 100 birds was<br>observed |
|----|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|---|---|
| 37 | Black Kite              | Milvus migrans     | Astun Iswed                | Spring and autumn migrant (March to May,<br>August to October). More seen in autumn. In<br>October 2016 a flock of 58 over Buskett was<br>seen. Generally scarce. It could be that in the<br>past this kite (or the Red Kite – <i>Milvus migrans</i> )<br>used to breed in the Maltese islands, as some<br>place names suggest. | R<br>Park records include a<br>flock of 7 birds flying<br>along the coastline on 9<br>Apr 2015  |
| 38 | Short-toed<br>Eagle     | Circaetus gallicus | Ajkla Bajda                | Rare, in singles or small flocks, sometimes mixed<br>with other Eagle species (mainly Booted Eagle),<br>mainly September to November; occasional and<br>irregular in spring.  |   |
| 39 | Lesser Spotted<br>Eagle | Aquila pomarina    | Ajkla tat-Tikki            | Very rare, recorded almost annually, mostly mid-<br>September to November.  |   |
| 40 | Marsh Harrier           | Circus aeruginosus | Bagħdan<br>Aħmar           | Frequent to common spring and autumn migrant<br>(mainly March to May, August to October).<br>Frequently hunts while on passage  | R<br>One of the regular birds<br>of prey to be observed in<br>the Park while on<br>passage  |
| 41 | Montagu's<br>Harrier    | Circus pygargus    | Bagħdan Griż               | Scarce to fairly common March to May and August to October. More are seen in spring.  | R   |
| 42 | Pallid Harrier          | Circus macrourus   | Bagħdan<br>Abjad           | Scarce migrant March to May and August to October, with more birds appearing in spring.   | R   |
| 43 | Eurasian<br>Sparrowhawk | Accipiter nisus    | Sparvier                   | Regular in autumn from mid-September to November, rare in spring March to May.  |   |
| 44 | Buzzard                 | Buteo buteo        | Ku <b>ċċ</b> arda<br>Prima | Very scarce migrant, mainly seen between<br>September and November.   |   |
| 45 | Long-legged<br>Buzzard  | Buteo rufinus      | Ku <b>ċċ</b> arda<br>Ħamra | Very rare and irregular migrant.  | R<br>One record in April 2014   |
| 46 | Booted Eagle            | Aquila pennatus    | Ajkla tal-<br>Kalzetti     | Very scarce migrant mainly from September to November.  | R<br>One record of a pale<br>morph on the 13 <sup>th</sup><br>October 2014  |
| 47 | Osprey                  | Pandion haliaetus  | Arpa                       | Scarce from March to May and from September to October.   | R<br>Mainly seen flying along<br>the coast. Recorded<br>every year in the Park  |
| 48 | Lesser Kestrel          | Falco naumanni     | Spanjulett<br>Sekond       | Spring and autumn migrant (mainly March to<br>May, August to October), scarce-frequent. Often<br>in small flocks.   | R   |
| 49 | Kestrel                 | Falco tinnunculus  | Spanjulett                 | Spring and autumn migrant, sometimes seen<br>also in winter and summer. Generally frequent to<br>common. Both species of kestrels are seen<br>hunting while on passage. Few pairs of Kestrel<br>nest in cliffs in the Maltese islands.  | R<br>Seen regularly every<br>year, both flying over<br>and also hunting. There<br>are no breeding records<br>from Majjistral            |
| 50 | Red-footed<br>Falcon    | Falco vespertinus  | Żumbrell                   | Scarce spring (April to May) migrant, Rare in<br>autumn (September to October). Often in small<br>flocks. Likes to Perches on wires. Hunts while on<br>passage  | R   |
| 51 | Hobby                   | Falco subbuteo     | Seqer tal-<br>Ħannieqa     | Frequent to common spring and autumn<br>migrant, mainly April to May, September to<br>October. More seen in autumn passage.   |   |
| 52 | Eleonora's<br>Falcon    | Falco eleonorae    | Bies tar-<br>Reģina        | Scarce migrant from July to October (generally<br>mostly from mid-August till September). Both<br>dark and pale morphs occur.   | R   |
| 53 | Peregrine<br>Falcon     | Falco peregrinus   | Bies                       | Rare migrant. Used to be a regular breeding bird<br>but became exterminated because of hunting.<br>Up to 4 pairs are now nesting again in the<br>Maltese islands.   | R   |

|    | English name                 | Scientific name             | Maltese name                  | Remarks/status for Maltese islands   | Notes for Majjistral Park<br>2014-2020  |
|----|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|
| 54 | Quail                        | Coturnix coturnix           | Summiena                      | Common migrant mainly from September to<br>early October. Occurs also in spring February to<br>April. A few pairs nest. Heavily persecuted.  | R   |
| 55 | Water Rail                   | Rallus aquaticus            | Gallozz tax-<br>Xitwa         | Autumn migrant and winter visitor, and also<br>spring migrant (mainly October to May, but<br>recorded also from July onward). Scarce to<br>frequent. A bird of wetlands and valleys with<br>vegetation to hide in. Often reveals its presence<br>by its call.            |   |
| 56 | Spotted Crake                | Porzana porzana             | Galloz tat-<br>Tikki          | Scarce from February to May and from August to November.   |   |
| 57 | Little Crake                 | Zapornia parva              | Gallozz Żgħir                 | Very scarce to rare spring and autumn migrant.   |   |
| 58 | Moorhen                      | Gallinula<br>chloropus      | Gallozz iswed                 | A spring and autumn migrant, and winter visitor.<br>Can be seen all year round as it now breeds<br>regularly in places with water. Frequent to<br>common.  |   |
| 59 | Coot                         | Fulica atra                 | Tiģieģa tal-<br>Baħar         | Scarce from September to March-early April. A few pairs nest at is-Simar reserve. First breeding record was in 2008.   |   |
| 60 | Crane                        | Grus grus                   | Grawwa                        | Generally scarce and irregular migrant from<br>October to December, with fewer birds in March<br>and April. Cranes are normally seen in flocks that<br>can include juvenile birds. They are also very<br>vocal birds, uttering their characteristic<br>trumpeting calls. | R<br>Few records of flocks<br>seen flying over the Park   |
| 61 | Oystercatcher                | Haematopus<br>ostralegus    | Gallina tal-<br>Baħar         | Scarce migrant mainly in spring (March to May)<br>and summer (July to September). Has been<br>recorded also in winter. Generally observed in<br>singles or small flocks flying along the coast.  |   |
| 62 | Black-winged<br>Stilt        | Himantopus<br>himantopus    | Fras Servjent                 | Scarce to frequent from March to May, and July<br>to August, often in flocks. First breeding record<br>for Malta was in 2008 near Salina. One to two<br>pairs bred regularly at Ghadira reserve up to<br>2017.   | R<br>Recorded flying along<br>the coast or from Ramla<br>tal-Mixquqa  |
| 63 | Avocet                       | Recurvirostra<br>avocetta   | Xifa                          | Rare migrant in spring and autumn, sometimes sighted also in winter.   |   |
| 64 | Stone Curlew                 | Burhinus<br>oedicnemus      | Tellerita                     | Scarce from March to May-June, and September<br>to October. Occurs in singles or small parties<br>(largest recorded 5 birds together). Used to nest<br>in Malta in the past.   | R<br>The park's garigue areas<br>are ideal for this bird. 1<br>late bird was seen on 8<br>June 2014   |
| 65 | Cream<br>Coloured<br>Courser | Cursorius cursor            | Nankina                       | Rare and irregular, February to July.  |   |
| 66 | Collared<br>Pratincole       | Glareola<br>pratincola      | Perni <b>ċ</b> jotta          | Rare and irregular in March to April and September to October.   |   |
| 67 | Little Ringed<br>Plover      | Charadrius dubius           | Monakella                     | A spring and autumn migrant (March to May,<br>September to October), and is frequent-<br>common. Also seen in summer where it nests (at<br>Ghadira reserve).   | R<br>Seen, or more often<br>heard, while flying over<br>the Park. Observed also<br>along the coast.   |
| 68 | Ringed Plover                | Charadrius<br>hiaticula     | Monakella<br>Prima            | Seen mainly April to May and August to<br>September, usually in less numbers than Little<br>Ringed Plover.   |   |
| 69 | Kentish Plover               | Anarhynchus<br>alexandrinus | Monakella<br>Saqajha<br>Suwed | Very scarce March to May, and July to December.  |   |
| 70 | Dotterel                     | Charadrius<br>morinellus    | Birwina                       | Generally scarce, mainly August to November,<br>sometimes also in December and January. In the<br>spring passage is not common, from March to<br>April.  | R<br>Records of birds in<br>Majjistral include not<br>only those flying over<br>but also on land at<br>Majjiesa point, where<br>some individuals were |

|    |                        |                         |                              |   | very approachable and were photographed |
|----|------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|---|---|
|    | English name           | Scientific name         | Maltese name                 | Remarks/status for Maltese islands  | Notes for Majjistral Park<br>2014-2020  |
| 71 | Golden Plover          | Pluvialis apricaria     | Pluviera                     | Scarce-frequent, from October to December,<br>also in less numbers up till March. Used to occur<br>in larger numbers.   | R                                       |
| 72 | Grey Plover            | Pluvialis<br>squatarola | Pluviera Griża               | Scarce from mid-March to May and from August to November  |   |
| 73 | Lapwing                | Vanellus vanellus       | Venewwa                      | Generally scarce from October to mid-March<br>(mainly up to December). In the past Lapwings<br>(and Golden plovers) used to winter in Malta.<br>Formerly occurred in greater numbers. | R                                       |
| 74 | Sanderling             | Calidris alba           | Pispisella<br>Bajda          | Scarce April to May and August to October.  |   |
| 75 | Little Stint           | Calidris minuta         | Tertuxa                      | One of the most regular waders observed in the Maltese islands, from March to November.   |   |
| 76 | Temminck's<br>Stint    | Calidris<br>temminckii  | Tertuxa Griża                | Scarce from April to October.   |   |
| 77 | Curlew<br>Sandpiper    | Calidris ferruginea     | Pispisella<br>Ħamra          | Regular in spring (April to May), where fairly<br>common; scarce in autumn passage from mid-<br>July to September-October.  |   |
| 78 | Dunlin                 | Calidris alpina         | Pispisella tad-<br>Dabra     | Scarce-fairly common March to May, and July to October.   |   |
| 79 | Ruff                   | Calidris pugnax         | Girwiel                      | Fairly common to scarce from March up to<br>October. Was formerly more common. Male<br>birds with partially breeding plumage can be<br>observed in summer and autumn.                 |   |
| 80 | Jack Snipe             | Lymnocryptes<br>minimus | Ċinkonja                     | Scarce migrant from October to April.   |   |
| 81 | Common Snipe           | Gallinago<br>gallinago  | Bekka <b>ċċ</b>              | Scarce to frequent from September to May.<br>Often calls while flying.  | R                                       |
| 82 | Great Snipe            | Gallinago media         | Bekka <b>ċċ ta'</b><br>Mejju | Very scarce and irregular migrant mainly in May.  |   |
| 83 | Woodcock               | Scolopax rusticola      | Gallina                      | Recorded from October to December, few birds<br>sometimes observed in March. Fairly common.<br>Secretive, stays well-hidden during the day.<br>Heavily persecuted.                    | R                                       |
| 84 | Black-tailed<br>Godwit | Limosa limosa           | Girwiel Prim                 | Very scarce to rare mainly February to April and July to October.   |   |
| 85 | Bar-tailed<br>Godwit   | Limosa lapponica        | Girwiel Denbu<br>bl-Istrixxi | Very rare migrant March to July and September<br>to October, and not recorded annually. One<br>present at Ghadira reserve for several days in<br>September 2018.                      |   |
| 86 | Whimbrel               | Numenius<br>phaeopus    | Gurlin Żgħir                 | Very scarce to rare March to April and July to September.   |   |
| 87 | Eurasian<br>Curlew     | Numenius arquata        | Gurlin                       | Frequent to scarce from March to November.  |   |
| 88 | Spotted<br>Redshank    | Tringa erythropus       | Ċuvett                       | Scarce from March to October.   |   |
| 89 | Redshank               | Tringa totanus          | Pluverott                    | Scarce to fairly common mainly from June to August, few birds sometimes recorded in winter.   |   |
| 90 | Marsh<br>Sandpiper     | Tringa stagnatilis      | Ċew <b>ċ</b> ewwa<br>Żgħira  | Scarce to rare from March to September.   |   |
| 91 | Greenshank             | Tringa nebularia        | Ċew <b>ċ</b> ewwa            | Scarce to fairly common from March to November.   | R                                       |
| 92 | Green<br>Sandpiper     | Tringa ochropus         | Swejda                       | Fairly common from February to May and July to<br>October. Utters characteristic call while flying or<br>standing.  | R                                       |
| 93 | Wood<br>Sandpiper      | Tringa glareola         | Pespus tal-<br>Baħar         | Fairly common to common March to May and July to October.   | R                                       |

|     | English name                 | Scientific name           | Maltese name                     | Remarks/status for Maltese islands   | Notes for Majjistral Park<br>2014-2020  |
|-----|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|
| 94  | Common<br>Sandpiper          | Actitis hypoleuca         | Pispisella                       | Fairly common to common mainly from March to<br>May and July to October. Also seen in other<br>months.   | R<br>Regularly seen at the<br>coast. Very vocal, its<br>presence often first<br>detected by its call  |
| 95  | Turnstone                    | Arenaria interpes         | Monakella<br>Imperjali           | Scarce to very scarce mainly in April, May,<br>August and September.   |   |
| 96  | Mediterranean<br>Gull        | Larus<br>melanocephalus   | Gawwija<br>Rasha Sewda           | Frequent-common in winter, mainly December<br>to February, also recorded later up to April. In<br>spring some birds can be seen with a black head<br>(breeding plumage). Gathers in large numbers at<br>Salina and some other sites. | R<br>Seen flying over the sea<br>along the Park's<br>coastline  |
| 97  | Little Gull                  | Larus minutus             | Gawwija<br>Żgħira                | Very scarce and irregular from September to April.   |   |
| 98  | Black-headed<br>Gull         | Larus ridibundus          | Gawwija<br>Rasha<br>Kannella     | '<br>Common, October to April, especially in winter.<br>In spring some birds can be seen with a brown<br>head (breeding plumage). Gathers in large<br>numbers at Salina and some other sites.  | R<br>Can be observed flying<br>over the sea or along the<br>Park's coastline.   |
| 99  | Slender-billed<br>Gull       | Chroicocephalus<br>genei  | Gawwija<br>Munqarha<br>Rqiq      | Scarce, mainly July to April.  |   |
| 100 | Audouin's Gull               | Larus audouinii           | Gawwija<br>Munqarha<br>Aħmar     | Scarce, can be sighted throughout the year.<br>Sightings have recently increased.  |   |
| 101 | Lesser Black-<br>backed Gull | Larus fuscus              | Gawwija<br>Daharha<br>Iswed      | Scarce to fairly common, and can be seen throughout the year.  |   |
| 102 | Yellow-legged<br>Gull        | Larus michaellis          | Gawwija<br>Prima                 | Malta's largest breeding bird, nesting in coastal<br>areas. Can be seen all year round, with larger<br>numbers observed in winter. Sometimes flies<br>inland in flocks.  | R<br>Observed regularly flying<br>over the sea in singles or<br>flocks. Some seen also<br>flying close to Majjiesa<br>point and coastal cliffs,<br>sometimes settling on<br>boulders. Frequently<br>heard calling while flying.<br>Adults and young<br>recorded. No breeding<br>records for Majjistral<br>Park. |
| 103 | Little Tern                  | Sternula albifrons        | Ċirlewwa<br>Żgħira               | Very rare migrant, mainly in September and from April to June.   |   |
| 104 | Gull-billed Tern             | Gelochelidon<br>nilotica  | Ċirlewwa<br>Munqarha<br>Oħxon    | Scarce migrant March to October.   |   |
| 105 | Caspian Tern                 | Hydroprogne<br>caspia     | Ċirlewwa<br>Prima                | Scarce, mainly March to June and August to November.   |   |
| 106 | Sandwich Tern                | Sterna<br>sandvicensis    | Ċirlewwa tax-<br>Xitwa           | Generally frequent mainly between September<br>to March, but has been recorded in all months of<br>the year. Dives from the air to hunt fish.  | R   |
| 107 | Whiskered Tern               | Chlidonias<br>hybridae    | Ċirlewwa bil-<br>Mustaċċi        | Very rare and irregular, mainly between April to September.  |   |
| 108 | Black Tern                   | Chlidonias niger          | Ċirlewwa<br>Sewda                | Generally scarce mainly between July to<br>October, where many observed far out at sea.  |   |
| 109 | White-winged<br>Black Tern   | Chlidonias<br>leucopterus | Ċirlewwa tal-<br>Ġewnaħ<br>Abjad | Rare migrant mainly from April to June and from August to September.   |   |

|     | English name            | Scientific name          | Maltese name                       | Remarks/status for Maltese islands   | Notes for Majjistral Park<br>2014-2020   |
|-----|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| 110 | Collared Dove           | Streptopelia<br>decaocto | Gamiema tal-<br>Kullar             | Breeding resident, frequent-common in certain<br>localities. Relatively recent breeder. First<br>breeding record for Malta was in 2003 at<br>Mellieha. Can be seen in singles, pairs or flocks.<br>Concentrate in good numbers at some feeding<br>and roosting sites.  | R<br>Few pairs breed in<br>Majjistral near visitor<br>centre   |
| 111 | Barbary Dove            | Streptopelia<br>risoria  | Ħamiema tal-<br>Bar                | Escaped birds have established few breeding<br>pairs. Documented as capable of cross-breeding<br>with Collared Dove. Doubtful as a species.  | R<br>Very few birds (less than<br>5) have been recorded at<br>Barrack's area. Possibly<br>breeds.  |
| 112 | Turtle Dove             | Streptopelia turtur      | Gamiema                            | Regular migrant, mainly in spring from late<br>March to early June where scarce to frequent-<br>common; in autumn usually in smaller numbers<br>(and can be rare) from August to September.<br>Drastically decreased in recent years.<br>Occasionally breeds. In spring 2018 one pair<br>unsuccessfully tried to nest at Wied il-Qliegha,<br>where a male bird was seen in display flights for<br>several days but eventually "disappeared". | R<br>Recorded notable counts<br>include "good numbers"<br>on the 9 Sep 2015; 55 on<br>the 12 Apr 2017; 32 on<br>20 Apr 2017; and 14 on<br>11 April 2018. An<br>unsubstantiated record<br>is of over 100 birds on<br>the 28 Apr 2018. |
| 113 | Woodpigeon              | Columba<br>palumbus      | Tudun                              | Scarce to rare mainly March to April and September to November.  |  |
| 114 | Great Spotted<br>Cuckoo | Clamator<br>glandarius   | Sultan il-<br>Gamiem Tat-<br>Toppu | Very scarce to rare and irregular, most birds recorded in February and March.  | R<br>One on 1 March 2018 at<br>Xaghra I-Ħamra  |
| 115 | Common<br>Cuckoo        | Cuculus canorus          | Daqquqa<br>Kaħla                   | Frequent in spring March to May, sometimes<br>June; in autumn seen in less numbers from July<br>to November. Rare breeder. Often heard calling<br>in spring.   | R  |
| 116 | Barn Owl                | Tyto alba                | Barbaġann                          | Formerly a breeding bird. Last breeding record<br>was in 1988 in Gozo; the adults were shot and<br>the 5 young birds starved to death. A few<br>migrants are sometimes recorded.   |  |
| 117 | Scops Owl               | Otus scops               | Kokka                              | Formerly a common bird, but now much less<br>common, seen mainly from March to May and<br>September to November. A few sometimes<br>remain to winter.  |  |
| 118 | Long-eared Owl          | Asio otus                | Qattus                             | Scarce to rare March to May and September to<br>November. Recorded breeding once – in 2002 on<br>Comino.   |  |
| 119 | Short-eared<br>Owl      | Asio flammeus            | Kokka tax-<br>Xagħri               | A scarce spring and autumn migrant, March to<br>April and September to November (can also be<br>sighted up to February). Used to breed in the<br>past. Last breeding record was in 2016 at<br>Comino, where at least 1 young fledged.  | R<br>A few sightings every<br>year   |
| 120 | European<br>Nightjar    | Caprimulgus<br>europaeus | Buqrajq                            | Regular from March to early June and August to<br>November. Active at dusk and dawn, catching<br>insects in the air.   |  |
| 121 | Alpine Swift            | Tachymarptis<br>melba    | Rundun<br>Żaqqu Bajda              | Scarce from March to May and sometimes up to<br>July, and from August to November. Frequent in<br>singles or in flocks.  | R  |
| 122 | Common Swift            | Apus apus                | Rundun                             | Common in spring, summer and autumn. Breeds<br>in the Maltese islands. Swifts spend much of<br>their time in the air, flying. They come to land<br>only during the nesting season.   | R<br>Can be seen in flocks<br>sometimes more than a<br>100 birds flying<br>overhead, and are very<br>vocal   |
| 123 | Pallid Swift            | Apus pallidus            | Rundun<br>Kannelli                 | Similar to Common Swift and overlooked.  |  |
| 124 | Kingfisher              | Alcedo attis             | Għasfur ta'<br>San Martin          | Observed from summer to spring (July to<br>March/April), in areas with water e.g. Ghadira<br>and Simar reserves, and in coastal areas. It can  | R<br>Recorded every year<br>along the coast, where   |

|     |                       |                              |                       | be frequent to common at times, and greatest numbers occur in August and September.   | often heard calling  |
|-----|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
|     | English name          | Scientific name              | Maltese name          | Remarks/status for Maltese islands  | Notes for Majjistral Park<br>2014-2020   |
| 125 | Bee-eater             | Merops apiaster              | Qerd in-Naħal         | Frequent to common in spring (March to June)<br>and in autumn from August to September.<br>Sighted generally in flocks and very vocal, calling<br>while flying over. Like to perch on electricity<br>wires. Irregular breeder, first breeding record<br>was in 2006 at Fawwara. | R.<br>Flocks of 50+ have been<br>recorded  |
| 126 | Roller                | Coracias garrulus            | Farruġ                | Scarce to very scarce from April to June and<br>August to October. More are generally sighted in<br>spring.   | R<br>Very few sightings one<br>on 19 Sep 2014 and<br>another one on 26 Apr<br>2017   |
| 127 | Ноорое                | Upupa epops                  | Daqquqa tat-<br>Toppu | Frequent to common mainly March to April and<br>August to September-October. In spring may<br>appear as early as February. Larger numbers are<br>seen in spring.  | R<br>The Hoopoe has been<br>recorded several times.<br>Records of this bird are<br>of singles or twos or of<br>small flocks. Has also<br>been heard calling on<br>some occasions                                     |
| 128 | Wryneck               | Jynx torquilla               | Bulebbiet             | Frequent to common spring and autumn<br>migrant. Also recorded in winter. More often<br>heard than seen.  | R<br>The Wryneck has been<br>recorded several times,<br>most often noticed when<br>heard calling   |
| 129 | Short-toed Lark       | Calandrella<br>brachydactyla | Bilbla                | Frequent to common from March to September-<br>October, but decreased as a breeding bird. They<br>nest in open areas such as garigue and fields.<br>More are found on Gozo. Sings high above its<br>territory. Birds migrate to Africa after breeding<br>season.                | R<br>More or less frequent in<br>the Park during breeding<br>season, where birds can<br>be heard singing in the<br>air. Nests have been<br>found in garigue  |
| 130 | Sky Lark              | Alauda arvensis              | Alwetta               | Frequent to common, often in flocks, from<br>October to November. Return migration in<br>February-March, when birds can also be heard<br>singing. Only few manage to winter as the bird is<br>unfortunately heavily hunted.   | R<br>Regular in park, where<br>birds can be seen and<br>heard while flying over.<br>They also settle in fields<br>and other open areas<br>when undisturbed.<br>Present also in small<br>numbers in January-<br>March |
| 131 | Sand Martin           | Riparia riparia              | Ħawwiefa tax-<br>Xtut | Frequent to common from March to May-early<br>June, and occurs in less numbers between<br>August to October.  | R  |
| 132 | House Martin          | Delichon urbica              | Ħawwiefa              | Common spring and autumn migrant, February<br>(or earlier January) to June and August to late<br>November. Few pairs nest annually in the<br>Maltese islands.   | R<br>Commonly seen in flocks<br>during migration,<br>sometimes mixed with<br>Swallow. Does not breed<br>in the Park  |
| 133 | Swallow               | Hirundo rustica              | Huttafa               | Common spring and autumn migrant, February<br>to June, and August to November. Few pairs<br>nest annually in the Maltese islands.   | R<br>Commonly seen in flocks<br>during migration,<br>sometimes mixed with<br>Martins. Few pairs have<br>nested in barracks in the<br>past  |
| 134 | Red-rumped<br>Swallow | Cecropis daurica             | Reģina tal-<br>Ħuttaf | Scarce from February to June and generally rare in September and early November.  | R  |
| 135 | Tawny Pipit           | Anthus campestris            | Bilblun               | Scarce to frequent regular spring and autumn<br>migrant. Occasionally breeds in the Maltese<br>islands.   | R<br>Rare breeder in the Park;<br>first breeding record was<br>in 1993. Nests on the   |

|     |                       |                            |                         |   | ground in open areas.   |
|-----|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---|---|
|     | English name          | Scientific name            | Maltese name            | Remarks/status for Maltese islands  | Notes for Majjistral Park<br>2014-2020  |
| 136 | Tree Pipit            | Anthus trivialis           | Diżż                    | Common spring and autumn migrant. Influxes of<br>hundreds of birds may occur on dull days with<br>easterly winds and some rain. Characteristic call<br>is "dizz" while flying overhead. | R<br>One of the regular birds<br>to see or hear during<br>spring and autumn,<br>often in flocks. Notable<br>counts include: 50+ on<br>29 Sep 2016; 900+ on 10<br>Apr 2017; 200+ on 12<br>Apr 2017; 110 on 20 Apr<br>2017; 400+ on 11 Apr<br>2018. In all cases wind<br>was easterly and sky<br>cloudy, sometimes with<br>light rain |
| 137 | Meadow Pipit          | Anthus pratensis           | Pespus                  | Common in October up to March. In March a<br>return migration occurs, birds moving North<br>from Africa.  | R<br>One of the regular birds<br>to see in winter, flying<br>over and calling or<br>settling in fields or<br>garigue, often in flocks   |
| 138 | Red-throated<br>Pipit | Anthus cervinus            | Diżż Aħmar              | Scarce to frequent from late March to mid-May<br>and in lesser numbers from mid-October to early<br>December-January. Often noticed by its "psii"<br>call while flying overhead.        | R   |
| 139 | Water Pipit           | Anthus spinoletta          | Diżż tal-Ilma           | Rare to very scarce from October to April.  |   |
| 140 | Yellow Wagtail        | Motacilla flava            | Isfar                   | Common in spring and autumn. Often in flocks<br>and vocal. About 5 different subspecies<br>(sometimes regarded as full species) can be seen<br>in the Maltese islands                   | R   |
| 141 | Grey Wagtail          | Motacilla cinerea          | Zakak tad-Dell          | Scarce-frequent from mid-October to around<br>March. Generally observed in singles. Formerly a<br>breeding species, nowadays a very rare breeding<br>bird in Malta.                     | R   |
| 142 | White Wagtail         | Motacilla alba             | Zakak Abjad             | Common from October to around April. Roosts in<br>large numbers in trees in urban areas, e.g. at<br>Valletta.   | R   |
| 143 | Wren                  | Troglodytes<br>troglodytes | Bumistur                | Very rare from October to March –April. Hides in dense vegetation, where difficult to see, its presence detected by its call.   |   |
| 144 | Dunnock               | Prunella modularis         | Żiemel                  | Frequent from around end September to April.<br>Generally likes to hide, where its presence may<br>be revealed by its calls.  | R   |
| 145 | Rufous Bush<br>Chat   | Cercotrichas<br>galactotes | Rożinjol tax-<br>Xagħri | Rare to very scarce in April and May and in autumn. Favours open areas with some shrubs and trees.  |   |
| 146 | Robin                 | Erithacus rubecula         | Pitirross               | Very common mainly from October to March-<br>April; few birds can be seen in other months as<br>well. Prefers areas with trees or other<br>vegetation. Frequently sings.                | R<br>Common at Majjistral<br>Park especially in areas<br>with trees and shrubs  |
| 147 | Nightingale           | Luscinia<br>megarhynchos   | Rożinjol                | Frequent spring and autumn migrant March to<br>May and August to October. Often heard calling<br>or singing while hiding in a tree.   | R<br>In the Park recorded<br>mainly from the coastal<br>areas and fields, often<br>heard calling from a tree  |
| 148 | Bluethroat            | Luscinia svevica           | Kudirross Blu           | Scarce, mainly March to May and September to November.  |   |
| 149 | Black Redstart        | Phoenicurus<br>ochruros    | Fjamma<br>Sewda         | Frequent-common in winter from October to<br>March-April. Associates itself with buildings and<br>rocky areas.  | R<br>Among the best sites to<br>see this bird in the Park<br>is at the cliffs, in the<br>barracks area and on<br>stone huts/rooms   |

| 150 | Common<br>Redstart              | Phoenicurus<br>phoenicurus | Fjamma                      | Frequent migrant March to May and August to<br>November. Often flicks tail. Found in areas with<br>trees and shrubs.   | R  |
|-----|---------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
|     | English name                    | Scientific name            | Maltese name                | Remarks/status for Maltese islands   | Notes for Majjistral Park<br>2014-2020   |
| 151 | Moussier's<br>Redstart          | Phoenicurus<br>moussieri   | Fjamma tat-<br>Tunežija     | Rare from late October to late March.  | R<br>There are only a few<br>records of this bird in the<br>park, some of which<br>have been sighted at the<br>pill box area     |
| 152 | Whinchat                        | Saxicola rubetra           | Buċaqq tas-<br>Silla        | Common migrant in spring mainly April to May,<br>fewer birds recorded in autumn August to<br>October.  | R<br>Birds have also been<br>recorded in small groups<br>in spring   |
| 153 | Stonechat                       | Saxicola torquata          | Buċaqq tax-<br>Xitwa        | Common from late September to March, favouring open areas.   | R<br>Regular in Park, often<br>seen on a perch and<br>uttering its call  |
| 154 | Northern<br>Wheatear            | Oenanthe<br>oenanthe       | Kuda                        | Common spring and autumn migrant, February<br>to May and August to November, favouring open<br>ground. When flying its white rump becomes<br>very noticeable.                                      | R<br>Has also been recorded<br>in small groups. Up to 12<br>in a day have been<br>recorded on some dates<br>in spring and autumn |
| 155 | Isabelline<br>Wheatear          | Oenanthe<br>isabellina     | Kuda<br>Isabellina          | Scarce to rare spring and autumn migrant.<br>Closely resembles Northern Wheatear and as<br>such can be overlooked.   | R  |
| 156 | Black-eared<br>Wheatear         | Oenanthe<br>melanoleuca    | Kuda<br>Dumnikana           | Scarce spring and autumn migrant; fewer numbers are seen in autumn.  | R  |
| 157 | White-crowned<br>Black Wheatear | Oenanthe<br>leucopyga      | Kuda Rasha<br>Bajda         | Very rare and irregular migrant (vagrant) to the<br>Maltese islands and there are very few records<br>of this bird.  | R<br>One was seen on the 25<br>March 2016. The bird, a<br>male, was sighted for a<br>few hours only                              |
| 158 | Rock Thrush                     | Monticola saxatilis        | Ġanbublu                    | Scarce to rare spring and autumn migrant March to May and August to October.   | R  |
| 159 | Blue Rock<br>Thrush             | Monticola<br>solitarius    | Merill                      | Frequent to common breeding bird. Nests mainly<br>in cliffs, also in old houses, valleys, large rubble<br>walls.   | R<br>A good breeding<br>population is found in<br>the cliffs of the Park.  |
| 160 | Song Thrush                     | Turdus philomelos          | Malvizz                     | Common autumn migrant and winter visitor,<br>mainly October to March, some also in April. In<br>March birds can be heard singing. Many are<br>killed as it is heavily hunted locally.              | R<br>Birds in February and<br>March have been<br>recorded singing<br>regularly   |
| 161 | Blackbird                       | Turdus merula              | Malvizz Iswed               | Scarce autumn migrant and winter visitor, mainly<br>October to March. Secretive, keeping into trees<br>or other vegetative cover.  | R  |
| 162 | Ring Ouzel                      | Turdus torquatus           | Malvizz tas-<br>Sidra Bajda | Very scarce to rare from September to January, and March-April.  |  |
| 163 | Redwing                         | Turdus iliacus             | Malvizz<br>Aħmar, Żerżur    | Scarce from October to March.  |  |
| 164 | Fieldfare                       | Turdus pilaris             | Malvizzun tal-<br>Qtajja    | Scarce from October to March. Often occurs in flocks.  |  |
| 165 | Mistle Thrush                   | Turdus viscivorus          | Malvizzun<br>Prim           | Rare to very scarce from October to March-April.   |  |
| 166 | Cetti's Warbler                 | Cettia cetti               | Bufula tal-<br>Għollieq     | Fairly common resident breeding bird favouring<br>areas with vegetation. First confirmed breeding<br>record came in the 1970s at Wied il-Luq, but<br>probably was also nesting before. Very vocal. | R<br>Only a few pairs have<br>been recorded at<br>Majjistral. Singing males<br>have been recorded                                |

|     |                       |   |                        |  | from rdum close to<br>Majjiesa, fields at<br>Nahhalija area and near<br>visitors centre.  |
|-----|-----------------------|---|------------------------|--|---|
|     | English name          | Scientific name   | Maltese name           | Remarks/status for Maltese islands   | Notes for Majjistral Park<br>2014-2020  |
| 167 | Zitting Cisticola     | Cisticola juncidis  | Bufula tal-<br>Imrewħa | Common resident breeding bird favouring open<br>areas especially with grasses. Nest is constructed<br>in grasses or other vegetation not high above<br>ground. First nest was confirmed in 1973 at is-<br>Simar, where today is a bird sanctuary.                  | R<br>Good number of pairs<br>are present in the Park.<br>Males can be seen flying<br>above their territory,<br>singing "zip zip" in the<br>breeding season.                 |
| 168 | Moustached<br>Warbler | Acrocephalus<br>melanopogon                               | Bufula<br>Qastnija     | Scarce from October to March. Found in areas with water with vegetation such as reeds.   |   |
| 169 | Sedge Warbler         | Acrocephalus<br>schoenobaenus                             | Bufula tas-<br>Simar   | Fairly common spring and autumn migrant<br>March to June and August to November. Prefers<br>areas with reeds and other vegetation at<br>wetlands. Secretive.   |   |
| 170 | Reed Warbler          | Acrocephalus<br>scirpaceus                                | Bufula tal-<br>Qasab   | Frequent to common migrant March to June and<br>July to November. Favours areas with reeds and<br>other vegetation at wetlands in which it hides.<br>Few pairs nest regularly in Malta. First breeding<br>record came from Salina in 1977.                         | R   |
| 171 | Great Reed<br>Warbler | Acrocephalus<br>arundinaceus                              | Bufula Prima           | Frequent from March to June, and August to<br>October-November. Its presence is often<br>revealed by its song delivered from reeds or<br>other vegetation.   | R   |
| 172 | lcterine<br>Warbler   | Hippolais icterina  | Bekkafik Isfar         | Frequent to common from April to early June,<br>with most birds recorded in May. Less numbers<br>occur in autumn passage (August to October).  | R   |
| 173 | Blackcap              | Sylvia atricapilla  | Kapinera               | Common from September to March, some birds<br>up to May. Very rare breeder. Generally very<br>common at Buskett in late winter feasting on<br>ripe Ivy berries.  | R   |
| 174 | Garden<br>Warbler     | Sylvia borin  | Bekkafik               | Common migrant in spring mainly April and May,<br>and in autumn from August to September. Fond<br>of fruits such as those of Laurel (Naspli) and<br>Mulberry (Tut).  | R   |
| 175 | Lesser<br>Whitethroat | Sylvia curruca  | Bekkafik<br>Irmiedi    | Rare to very scarce migrant March to May and September to October.   |   |
| 176 | Common<br>Whitethroat | Sylvia communis   | Bekkafik<br>Aħmar      | Frequent to common migrant in spring (March to<br>May), scarce in autumn passage (August to early<br>November).  | R   |
| 177 | Dartford<br>Warbler   | Sylvia undata   | Bufula tax-<br>Xagħri  | Rare from October to April. Not recorded annually.   |   |
| 178 | Spectacled<br>Warbler | Sylvia conspicillata                                      | Bufula Ħamra           | Scarce breeding resident, with largest number of<br>breeding pairs occurring in Gozo. On Malta<br>largest numbers occur in the north and on the<br>south and south west coasts, including Majjistral<br>Park. Was formerly much more common as a<br>breeding bird. | R<br>Widespread in the Park.<br>Can be seen – or more<br>often heard- all year<br>round, with most<br>records not exceeding 2-<br>3 birds (occasionally 5)<br>for one area. |
| 179 | Subalpine<br>Warbler  | Sylvia cantillans<br>(here including<br>Sylvia subalpina) | Bufula<br>Passajra     | Common migrant from February to May, with<br>return passage migrants from as early as mid-<br>July, continuing through to October-November.<br>Often reveals its presence by its short "chikk"<br>calls.   | R   |
| 180 | Sardinian             | Sylvia  | Bufula Sewda           | Common breeding resident, breeding also in   | R   |
|     | Warbler               | melanocephala   |                        | urban areas. Second commonest breeding bird  | A good number of pairs  |

|     |  |  |                                | after the Spanish Sparrow. Generally prefers<br>areas with vegetation not as open as Spectacled<br>Warbler.  | are present in the Park   |
|-----|--|--|--------------------------------|--|---|
|     | English name   | Scientific name  | Maltese name                   | Remarks/status for Maltese islands   | Notes for Majjistral Park<br>2014-2020  |
| 181 | Yellow-browed<br>Warbler   | Phylloscopus<br>inornatus                              | Vjolin tal-Faxx                | Rare in autumn from October to December and in spring from February to May.  | R   |
| 182 | Bonelli's<br>Warbler<br>(including both<br>Eastern and<br>Western) | Phylloscopus<br>bonelli,<br>Phylloscopus<br>orientalis | Vjolin Bajdani                 | Scarce to very scarce from March to May and in less numbers from August to October.  |   |
| 183 | Wood Warbler   | Phylloscopus<br>sibilatrix                             | Vjolin Ħadrani                 | Common spring migrant from March to May and in less numbers from August to October.  | R   |
| 184 | Chiffchaff   | Phylloscopus<br>collybita                              | Vjolin tax-<br>Xitwa           | Common from October to early April. Frequently sings from February onward.   | R   |
| 185 | Willow Warbler   | Phylloscopus<br>trochilus                              | Vjolin Safrani                 | Common migrant from March to May and August to October   | R   |
| 186 | Goldcrest  | Regulus regulus  | Bufula tal-<br>Qamar           | Frequent migrant and winter visitor October to<br>March-April. Crests are small birds that are<br>sometimes more easily heard than seen as they<br>are in conifers and other trees searching for<br>invertebrates.   | R   |
| 187 | Firecrest  | Regulus<br>ignicapillus                                | Bufula tat-<br>Toppu Aħmar     | Frequent migrant and winter visitor from<br>September to April.  | R   |
| 188 | Spotted<br>Flycatcher  | Muscicapa striata                                      | Żanżarell tat-<br>tijkki       | Common migrant from April to May and August<br>to November. It also nests in wooded areas in<br>Malta, especially where there are conifer trees<br>and available water.  | R<br>No breeding records<br>from the Park   |
| 189 | Pied Flycatcher  | Ficedula<br>hypoleuca                                  | Żanżarell<br>Iswed             | Generally common migrant from March to May,<br>and usually scarce from August to October,<br>sometimes later.  | R   |
| 190 | Semi-collared<br>Flycatcher  | Ficedula<br>semitorquata                               | Żanżarell tal-<br>Lvant        | Very rare migrant, mainly in spring.   |   |
| 191 | Collared<br>Flycatcher   | Ficedula albicollis                                    | Żanżarell tal-<br>Kullar       | Scarce to fairly common from March to May,<br>some also in June. Smaller numbers are recorded<br>in autumn (August to October).  | R   |
| 192 | Red-breasted<br>Flycatcher   | Ficedula parva   | Żanżarell ta'<br>Sidru Aħmar   | Scarce migrant from September to December; very rare in spring.  |   |
| 193 | Golden Oriole  | Oriolus oriolus  | Tajra Safra                    | Common in April and May, a few till June.<br>Frequently sings in spring, especially in wooded<br>areas such as Buskett. In autumn (August to<br>October) it appears in smaller numbers.  | R<br>Late record on 5 June<br>2014 singing in early<br>morning  |
| 194 | Woodchat<br>Shrike   | Lanius senator   | Ka <b>ċċ</b> amendula          | Fairly common from March to May -June and<br>August to October. Occasional breeder. Used to<br>breed regularly in former times. Perches on top<br>of trees or on wires, looking out for prey.  | R   |
| 195 | Red-backed<br>Shrike   | Lanius collurio  | Ka <b>ċċ</b> amendula<br>Ħamra | Very scarce to rare August to October-<br>November, and April to May.  |   |
| 196 | Starling   | Sturnus vulgaris                                       | Sturnell                       | Common to very common from October onward<br>till March-April. Often seen in flocks, sometimes<br>of several hundreds. A few pairs nest annually<br>(first breeding record in 1992 at Comino; birds<br>were released here from captivity and started<br>nesting).    | R<br>Largest flock recorded<br>was over 350 birds in<br>January 2016. Other<br>notable counts – 200+<br>Jan 2018, 150+ Feb 2018 |
| 197 | Spanish<br>Sparrow   | Passer<br>hispaniolensis                               | Għasfur tal-<br>Bejt           | Very common breeding resident, the most<br>common bird to see in the Maltese islands in the<br>countryside and in urban areas. It nests<br>everywhere – in ventilators, electricity pylons,<br>trees, rubble walls, old buildings, cliffs, coastal<br>boulders, etc. | R<br>Common breeding bird,<br>recorded nesting from<br>several areas  |
| 198 | Tree Sparrow   | Passer montanus  | Għasfur tas-<br>Siġar          | Fairly common breeding resident in various localities. Migrants also appear in spring and  | R<br>Nests at visitor centre  |

| Chaffinch    | Fringilla coelebs   | Sponsun   | Common autumn migrant and winter visitor, less   |  |
|--------------|---|---|--|--|
|              |   |   | numbers recorded in spring (October to April). A few pairs nest annually.  | R  |
| English name | Scientific name   | Maltese name  | Remarks/status for Maltese islands   | Notes for Majjistral Park<br>2014-2020   |
| Serin        | Serinus serinus   | Apparell  | Scarce to frequent in autumn from October<br>onward, with some birds wintering up to April.<br>Irregular breeding bird.  | R  |
| Greenfinch   | Carduelis chloris   | Verdun  | Scarce from October to April. Irregular breeding bird.   | R  |
| Goldfinch    | Carduelis carduelis   | Gardell   | Rare to scarce migrant from October to April,<br>sometimes also in some other months. Used to<br>breed in the Maltese islands.   | R  |
| Siskin       | Spinus spinus   | Ekru  | Generally scarce from October to December,<br>sometimes up to March. Recorded nesting once,<br>at Buskett in 1976.   |  |
| Linnet       | Carduelis<br>cannabina  | Ġojjin  | Scarce to frequent migrant in autumn and spring,<br>with a few wintering. A few pairs sometimes<br>breed.  | R  |
| Hawfinch     | Coccothraustes<br>coccothraustes  | Taż-Żebbuġ  | Scarce to very scarce migrant, in some years frequent. Mainly recorded from late September to April.   | R<br>Two on 19 Oct 2017  |
| Reed Bunting | Emberiza<br>schoeniclus   | Durrajsa tal-<br>Qasab  | Scarce to very scarce winter visitor mainly in<br>November and December up to February; a few<br>may be recorded in spring   |  |
| Corn Bunting | Emberiza calandra   | Durrajsa  | Scarce breeding bird. Can be seen all year round.<br>Migrants appear February to April and<br>September to November, and some winter.<br>Formerly much more common and widespread.   | R<br>A few pairs (at least 3)<br>nest regularly in the<br>Park. Nest is constructed<br>on the ground, using<br>grasses and other types<br>of vegetation  |
|              | Greenfinch<br>Goldfinch<br>Siskin<br>Linnet<br>Hawfinch<br>Reed Bunting | GreenfinchCarduelis chlorisGoldfinchCarduelis carduelisSiskinSpinus spinusLinnetCarduelis<br>cannabinaHawfinchCoccothraustes<br>coccothraustesReed BuntingEmberiza<br>schoeniclus | GreenfinchCarduelis chlorisVerdunGoldfinchCarduelis carduelisGardellSiskinSpinus spinusEkruLinnetCarduelis<br>cannabinaGojjinHawfinchCoccothraustes<br>coccothraustes<br>coccothraustesTaż-ŻebbuġReed BuntingEmberiza<br>schoeniclusDurrajsa tal-<br>Qasab | And<br>onward, with some birds wintering up to April.<br>Irregular breeding bird.GreenfinchCarduelis chlorisVerdunScarce from October to April. Irregular breeding<br>bird.GoldfinchCarduelis carduelisGardellRare to scarce migrant from October to April,<br>sometimes also in some other months. Used to<br>breed in the Maltese islands.SiskinSpinus spinusEkruGenerally scarce from October to December,<br>sometimes up to March. Recorded nesting once,<br>at Buskett in 1976.LinnetCarduelis<br>cannabinaGojjinScarce to frequent migrant in autumn and spring,<br>with a few wintering. A few pairs sometimes<br>breed.HawfinchCoccothraustes<br>coccothraustesTaż-Żebbuġ<br>QasabScarce to very scarce migrant, in some years<br>frequent. Mainly recorded from late September<br>to April.Reed BuntingEmberiza<br>schoeniclusDurrajsa tal-<br>QasabScarce to very scarce winter visitor mainly in<br>November and December up to February; a few<br>may be recorded in springCorn BuntingEmberiza calandraDurrajsaScarce to reeding bird. Can be seen all year round.<br>Migrants appear February to April and<br>September to November, and some winter. |

For more information about birds see more on:

- Website <u>Birdwatching in Malta</u>
- Website Majjistral Park
- Birds of the Maltese Islands by Natalino Fenech, published by BDL. 2017
- Malta Breeding Bird Atlas 2008, BirdLife Malta. 2009
- L-Għasafar ta' Malta by Joe Sultana, published by PIN. 2001



Majjistral Nature and History Park – The Bird List September 2020